# Welding and Fabrication Equipment Root Cause Analysis Workbook - Intermittent Fault

Welding and Fabrication Equipment | Intermittent Fault | Asset ID FIX-21-06-01

**Safety gate: Stop, isolate and verify before exposure to hazardous energy. Lockout/Tagout and live testing require the applicable site procedure, authorised controls and a qualified person. Never bypass a guard, interlock or protective device to complete this workbook.**

## How to use this field resource

This is an equipment-agnostic documentation workbook for welding and fabrication equipment. It helps a trained team separate power-source, feed, shielding, consumable and work-return evidence. It does not identify a fault by itself and does not replace the equipment-specific OEM manual, drawings, limits, permits or a qualified technician's judgement.

| Intake field | Record |
|---|---|
| Asset or equipment ID | _____ |
| Site and location | _____ |
| Reported by / time | _____ |
| Fault situation | Intermittent Fault |
| Operating state | Stopped / standby / starting / running / loaded |
| Safety owner | _____ |
| OEM reference used | Document number and revision: _____ |

## Evidence areas for this system

For a intermittent fault, focus on evidence that can be dated, repeated and handed to another technician. Capture the as-found state before clearing alarms, changing settings or disturbing connections.

| # | Evidence area | First record |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Process and material setup | As-found note: _____ |
| 2 | Power-source indication | As-found note: _____ |
| 3 | Wire or consumable feed | As-found note: _____ |
| 4 | Shielding supply | As-found note: _____ |
| 5 | Work-return condition | As-found note: _____ |
| 6 | Duty cycle and thermal state | As-found note: _____ |

## Root Cause Analysis Workbook

Use this section to capture the conditions that make the symptom appear and disappear. Record time, load, temperature, weather and recent operator action before choosing the next action.

| Branch | Confirmed fact | Cause hypothesis | Discriminating evidence |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | Observed fact: _____ | Possible link to process and material setup | Evidence needed: _____ |
| 1 | Observed fact: _____ | Possible link to power-source indication | Evidence needed: _____ |
| 2 | Observed fact: _____ | Possible link to wire or consumable feed | Evidence needed: _____ |
| 3 | Observed fact: _____ | Possible link to shielding supply | Evidence needed: _____ |
| 4 | Observed fact: _____ | Possible link to work-return condition | Evidence needed: _____ |
| 5 | Observed fact: _____ | Possible link to duty cycle and thermal state | Evidence needed: _____ |

### Root-cause standard

- A replaced part is not automatically the root cause.
- Name the physical or process mechanism that produced the failure.
- Explain why the evidence rules out the closest alternative.
- Identify the condition that allowed the cause to persist.
- Define a verification that would fail if the diagnosis were wrong.

## Welding and Fabrication Equipment Evidence Map

**Evidence first: Preserve alarms, event history, settings, trends and the as-found physical state before reset, disconnection or adjustment. If safe access is uncertain, stop and refer the task to the authorised person.**

| # | System area | Evidence action | Trace | Record |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Process and material setup | Observe and identify | Evidence ID: _____ | Finding: _____ |
| 2 | Power-source indication | Record source and time | Evidence ID: _____ | Finding: _____ |
| 3 | Wire or consumable feed | Compare with reference | Evidence ID: _____ | Finding: _____ |
| 4 | Shielding supply | State what it supports | Evidence ID: _____ | Finding: _____ |
| 5 | Work-return condition | State what it rules out | Evidence ID: _____ | Finding: _____ |
| 6 | Duty cycle and thermal state | Choose the least invasive next check | Evidence ID: _____ | Finding: _____ |

## Scenario boundary

For this intermittent fault, do not replace a part until the evidence separates at least two plausible causes. Write the boundary before testing so urgency does not quietly change the rules.

| Boundary | Definition |
|---|---|
| Known good condition | _____ |
| Known failed condition | _____ |
| Difference between them | _____ |
| First missing evidence | _____ |
| Stop-work threshold | _____ |
| Escalation owner | _____ |

### Evidence labels

- FACT - directly observed and traceable.
- REPORT - supplied by another person; source recorded.
- INFERENCE - reasonable explanation that still needs a test.
- UNKNOWN - important gap that must not be filled by assumption.
- LIMIT - OEM, engineering or site acceptance value.

## Intermittent Fault Condition Workbook

The goal is to capture the conditions that make the symptom appear and disappear. Describe the failed state narrowly enough that another trained person could look for the same thing without being told your suspected cause.

| Question | Boundary prompt | Record |
|---|---|---|
| What changed? | Function, output, indication or behaviour | _____ |
| Where? | Asset, side, circuit, zone or process stage | _____ |
| When? | Sequence step, runtime, load or environment | _____ |
| How often? | Every cycle, random, once, or after delay | _____ |
| What restores it? | Nothing, time, reset, cooling or load change | _____ |
| What stays normal? | Unaffected systems or functions | _____ |
| What changed recently? | Work, software, settings, parts or operating duty | _____ |

## Controlled reproduction plan

| Plan field | Record |
|---|---|
| Safe starting state | _____ |
| One condition to vary | _____ |
| Conditions held constant | _____ |
| Evidence captured | Time, load, temperature, weather and recent operator action |
| Maximum attempts | _____ |
| Immediate stop signal | _____ |
| Authorising person | _____ |

### Attempt notes

| Attempt | Starting condition | Result | Decision |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | State: _____ | Observed: _____ | Next decision: _____ |
| 2 | State: _____ | Observed: _____ | Next decision: _____ |
| 3 | State: _____ | Observed: _____ | Next decision: _____ |
| 4 | State: _____ | Observed: _____ | Next decision: _____ |

## Measurement and Evidence Register

**Measurement boundary: This page records an approved test; it does not authorise one. A qualified person must choose the method, instrument category, connection points, isolation state and protective controls from the applicable procedure.**

| ID | Evidence area | Traceable source | Result | When |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Process and material setup | Method / source: _____ | Value / state: _____ | Time: _____ |
| 2 | Power-source indication | Method / source: _____ | Value / state: _____ | Time: _____ |
| 3 | Wire or consumable feed | Method / source: _____ | Value / state: _____ | Time: _____ |
| 4 | Shielding supply | Method / source: _____ | Value / state: _____ | Time: _____ |
| 5 | Work-return condition | Method / source: _____ | Value / state: _____ | Time: _____ |
| 6 | Duty cycle and thermal state | Method / source: _____ | Value / state: _____ | Time: _____ |

## Instrument and reference record

| Control | Record |
|---|---|
| Instrument or data source | _____ |
| Identifier and range | _____ |
| Calibration / validation status | _____ |
| OEM or engineering reference | Document and revision: _____ |
| Equipment operating state | _____ |
| Uncertainty or limitation | _____ |

### Before using a value

- Check units, scale, timestamp and source identity.
- Keep raw evidence where practical; do not retain only a conclusion.
- Record values that disagree with the current theory.
- Compare only like operating conditions.
- Treat a single normal reading as one data point, not proof that an intermittent fault is absent.

## Cause and Evidence Matrix

List competing explanations before the team settles on one. A good next check separates hypotheses; a poor check produces the same answer no matter which cause is true.

| # | Hypothesis | Supporting | Contradicting | Discriminating check |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Process and material setup hypothesis | For: _____ | Against: _____ | Next evidence: _____ |
| 2 | Power-source indication hypothesis | For: _____ | Against: _____ | Next evidence: _____ |
| 3 | Wire or consumable feed hypothesis | For: _____ | Against: _____ | Next evidence: _____ |
| 4 | Shielding supply hypothesis | For: _____ | Against: _____ | Next evidence: _____ |
| 5 | Work-return condition hypothesis | For: _____ | Against: _____ | Next evidence: _____ |
| 6 | Duty cycle and thermal state hypothesis | For: _____ | Against: _____ | Next evidence: _____ |

## Five-why chain with evidence

| Level | Explanation | Proof or gap |
|---|---|---|
| Problem | Intermittent Fault | Evidence ID: _____ |
| Why 1 | _____ | Evidence: _____ |
| Why 2 | _____ | Evidence: _____ |
| Why 3 | _____ | Evidence: _____ |
| Why 4 | _____ | Evidence: _____ |
| Why 5 | _____ | Evidence: _____ |

### Cause confidence

- Confirmed - reproduced or directly measured against a valid reference.
- Probable - best fit, but one meaningful alternative remains.
- Possible - plausible and worth a safe test.
- Unrelated - contradicted by the evidence.
- Unknown - evidence is missing or unreliable.

## Repair Decision and Return-to-Service Gate

**Release authority: Completion of a repair is not permission to energise or operate. Restore energy and return equipment to service only through the site's authorised process, with guards and protective functions reinstated.**

| Decision field | Record |
|---|---|
| Confirmed problem | _____ |
| Evidence-supported cause | _____ |
| Approved repair reference | Document and revision: _____ |
| Work completed | _____ |
| Parts / settings changed | _____ |
| Residual defect or restriction | _____ |
| Person completing / checking | _____ |

## Controlled verification

| Verification | Acceptance basis | Status |
|---|---|---|
| As-found symptom | Intermittent Fault | Absent / present / not tested |
| Primary function | Process and material setup | Pass / fail / not tested |
| Related function | Power-source indication | Pass / fail / not tested |
| Protection and alarms | Normal protective state retained | Pass / fail / not tested |
| Leak, heat, noise or damage | No new adverse condition | Pass / fail / not tested |
| Recorded operating condition | Load / mode / duration: _____ | Accepted / restricted |

### Release signatures

- Technical check by: _____ Date/time: _____
- Operations acceptance by: _____ Date/time: _____
- Safety or permit close-out by: _____ Date/time: _____
- Follow-up owner and due date: _____

## Handover, Follow-Up and Prevention Plan

Close the record so the next shift can understand the intermittent fault, the evidence, the repair decision and any remaining restriction without relying on memory.

| Handover field | Record |
|---|---|
| Current equipment state | _____ |
| What was confirmed | _____ |
| What remains unknown | _____ |
| Operating restriction | _____ |
| Evidence location | Log / work order / folder: _____ |
| Next owner and action | _____ |
| Escalation trigger | _____ |

## Follow-up schedule

| When | Review | Record |
|---|---|---|
| Next shift | Confirm state and restriction | Owner: _____ Result: _____ |
| 24 hours | Review process and material setup | Owner: _____ Result: _____ |
| 7 days | Check for repeat events under comparable duty | Owner: _____ Result: _____ |
| 30 days | Review effectiveness and maintenance action | Owner: _____ Result: _____ |

### Prevention decision

- Update the task, limit, drawing or training only when the cause supports it.
- Remove any temporary control by its approved expiry point.
- Share the lesson without exposing private, security-sensitive or proprietary data.
- Record whether the action reduced repeat faults, downtime or diagnostic effort.
- Reopen the analysis if the symptom returns under the same conditions.

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